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3	Minutes of the Board of Agriculture
4	May 27, 2025
5	May 27, 2020
6	A video recording of this meeting can be found online by visiting this website:
7	https://hdoa.hawaii.gov/meetings-reports/
8	<u>Intps://indoa.nawan.gov/ineetings-reports/</u>
9	CALL TO ORDER – The meeting of the Board of Agriculture was called to order on May
10	27, 2025, at 9:06 am by Board of Agriculture Chairperson, Sharon Hurd. The meeting
11	was conducted virtually via Zoom and in-person from:
12	
	State of Howaii, Department of Agriculture
13	State of Hawaii, Department of Agriculture
14 45	Plant Quarantine Branch
15	1849 Auiki Street
16	Manshave Descent la Dansau
17	Members Present In-Person:
18	Sharon Hurd, Chairperson, Board of Agriculture
19	
20	Members Virtually Present: Roll call/alone
21	Dr. Parwinder Grewal, Dean CTAHR, Ex-Officio Member
22	Dane Wicker, DBEDT, Ex-Officio Member
23	Diane Ley, Hawaiʻi Member
24	Nathaniel Oswald, Maui County Member
25	James Gomes, Member-at-Large
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27	Members Excused:
28	Ryan Kanaka'ole, DLNR, Ex-Officio Member
29	Randy Cabral, Member-at-Large
30	En Young, Member-at-Large
31	
32	Deputy Attorney General Present In-Person:
33	DAG Jennifer Waihe'e-Polk
34	
35	Others Present In-Person:
36	
37	Dr. Richard Kim, HDOA/PI
38	Jonathan Ho, HDOA/PQ
39	Brian Kau, HDOA/ARMD
40	Kori Koike, HDOA/ARMD
41	Janice Fujimoto, HDOA/ARMD
42	Jason Azus-Richardson, HDOA/IT
43	Marci Clingan, HDOA/Office of the Chair

DRAFT

(Unapproved)

$\begin{array}{c}1&2&3&4&5&6&7\\&8&9&1&1&1&2&3\\&1&1&1&1&1&1&1&1\\&1&1&1&1&1&1&1&2&2&2&2$	Others Virtually Present: ¹ Jill Scheibe HDOA IT Kayli Yoshioka Kayli Yoshioka Jen Mark Ladao Lesley Harvey, HDOA ChunKB BK Rae Gee richard.a.nichols Diandra Goodwin-Leung Glenn Okamoto janelle Thomas Heaton J Ferrer, HDOA Delanie Prescott-Tate BTM B.I. takeminews Claire Orodio lindsey.ancog Roy Hasegawa Lehua Abrigo Kevin Moore - ARMD Kainani Merrill Dean Matsukawa Dean Matsukawa Jill Scheibe DuranFN yamamoto earl John Boyes (HDOA) Thomas's Notetaker (Otter.ai) Stephanie HDOAPIO Toy Lim GN
37	HDOAPIO
38	Toy Lim

¹ The identification of the public members is based on their sign-in name but are not verified.

1 2	II.	APPROVAL OF MINUTES FROM 4/22/25 MEETING			
2 3 4	Motion to Approve: Gomes/Ley				
5 6 7 8	Discussion: Member Ley noted a correction on line 31 and 32 of the first page and that Member Randy Cabral was not excused but was present with some connectivity issues.				
9 10	Vote: Approved as amended; unanimously				
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	III.	INTRODUCTIONS			
	IV.	COMMUNICATIONS FROM DIVISIONS AND ADMINISTRATION			
		A. AGRICULTURAL LOAN DIVISION			
		 Request for Approval of One (1) Insured Aquaculture Loan to Jeramiah Blackhat dba Blackhat Enterprises 			
19 20 21	Jillian Scheibe, Agricultural Loan Division, presented testimony as submitted.				
22 23	Motio	n to Approve: Gomes/Ley			
24	ssion: None.				
25 26	Vote:	Approved; Unanimously			
27 28	The b	oard went into recess at 9:15 am and reconvened at 9:31 am.			
29 30 31	Board Member Hurd took a role call to ensure there was a quorum.				
32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41		B. AGRICULTURAL RESOURCE MANAGEMENT DIVISION			
		 Request for: (1) Preliminary Approval of the Proposed Compilation of Hawaii Administrative Rules, Chapter 4-159, Entitled "Agricultural Enterprise Lands Program Rules"; and (2) Authorization for the Chairperson to Schedule Public Hearings and Appoint One or More Hearing Officers in Connection with the Proposed Agricultural Enterprise Lands Rules, Chapter 4-159, Hawaii Administrative Rules 			

1 2	Brian Kau, Agricultural Resource Management Division, presented testimony as submitted.
3 4 5	Motion to Approve: Gomes/Parwinder
6 7	Discussion: Member Lov eaked if the could be advised when the bearings come up
7 8	Member Ley asked if she could be advised when the hearings come up.
9	Mr. Kau said there will be public notice.
10	
11	Member Ley said the rules don't specifically address ag tourism but asked if they view
12 13	this as a potential use of this program.
14	Mr. Kau said ag tourism is generally associated with in conjunction like an active farm. If
15	the ag tourism activity is ancillary to an active farm. it could potentially exist under the
16	non-ag park program. He said they need to make sure there is a difference between
17	ecotourism and agricultural tourism. Zipline towers will not be allowed but farm tours or
18	lessons on lei making will be allowed.
19	
20	Member Ley said on page 6, it referred to consumer and defined it as limited to human
21	or animal consumption. She asked if the enterprise or project was focused on
22 23	floriculture, isn't that consuming a product? She said this stood out to her.
23 24	Mr. Kau asked if Member Ley would like to suggest a change to it.
25	With the defeed in Member Ley weard into to buggeet a change to it.
26	Member Ley said she doesn't understand the context of the definition how it's used
27	throughout the rest of the rules, and it seems that it's limiting the types of activities that
28	are consuming.
29	
30	Member Ley said on page 24, it talks about the project requirements, and she wonders
31	if the project is considered to be driven by the department, legislature or the governor?
32	Is this something an entrepreneur would propose? She added that if she was an
33	entrepreneur, she wouldn't want to do all these steps without first going to the board.
34	She said some of these steps look like they require access to the property and analysis
35	and investment.
36 37	Mr. Kau said the intent is exactly what Board Member Ley said. For either way, whether
38	it be department or government directed or if a private entity decided they wanted to do
39	something. He said he's unsure of the exact steps involved but he believes there is
40	nothing prohibiting staff from going to the board to see what they think about it.
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42	Deputy AG Waihee-Polk explained that the requirement just had to be met prior to the
43	development of the project, not prior to seeking the board's input. You'd want these

1 2	things to be decided and to know that it's feasible before coming before the board to start the project. You don't want to start the project if it's not feasible.
3 4 5	Member Ley said generally we don't give entrepreneurs access to a parcel of land.
6 7	Mr. Kau said he doesn't know how this will play out but for the preliminary groundwork, you can do a lot of that without physically accessing the parcel. If it gets to a point
8 9	where they need to set foot on the parcel, the Department of Agriculture (DOA) could look into issuing a temporary Right of Entry (ROE). DOA would put a public notice of all
10 11	the available lands and in the notice, the use of the parcel would be defined. That is how the process begins.
12 13 14 15	Chairperson Hurd said before the plan is put in for potential use of the available lands, you should have done your due diligence and be sure that your plan is legally and infrastructurally allowed or potentially possible.
16	
17 18	Member Ley asked if someone could summarize the portion of the consent to mortgage.
19 20	Chairperson Hurd asked if Member Ley could email the question and DOA can research and respond.
21 22 23	Mr. Kau said it shouldn't be very different than any of our other programs. The basic rules are duplicates and they should be consistent with everything that we have.
24 25 26 27	Vote: Approved; Unanimously
28 29 30 31	 Request for Approval to Increase Base Water Toll Delivery Charge by No More than Two Cents Per Thousand Gallons to All System Irrigation Users Under the Hawai'i Department of Agriculture Irrigation Systems
32 33	Brian Kau, Agricultural Resource Management Division, presented testimony as submitted.
34 35 36	Motion to Approve: Ley/Gomes
37 38	Discussion:
39 40 41 42	Member Ley said she wants to acknowledge the Agricultural Resource Management Division (ARMD) for working on this challenging issue. She appreciates the legislature's understanding and phasing in of the necessary costs which makes a big difference for the producers.
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1 Chairperson Hurd thanked Member Ley for her comment. The legislature, by their 2 action, did acknowledge the importance of agriculture and the rising cost not only to the 3 department in operating costs and maintenance costs, but also the difficulty in the 4 agricultural community that this would create. We do appreciate that action by the 5 legislature with the proviso that was brought out by ARMD that the movement was for 6 one year. She added that it will be reevaluated after one year. 7 Member Oswald found that 2 cents is reasonable and asked whether there was a limit 8 9 on how much the rate could be increased per year or was it always open for discretion? 10 He said he remembers reading that the board could only raise a certain amount per 11 year. 12 13 Mr. Kau said there are two separate methods to increase water delivery rates. The 1st 14 method, which is the one we are asking for approval today, is the 2 cents per 1,000gallon increase which is allowed in the current administrative rules. We cannot go more 15 than 2 cents per fiscal year. However, because the rates are set by administrative rules, 16 17 the program can rase the rates as it needs to meet the obligations of the irrigation system operation and maintenance if the administrative rules are amended themselves. 18 19 20 Vote: Approved; Unanimously 21 22 23 3. Certification Of Acreage Assessments for the Honoka'a-Pa'auilo, Kahuku, 24 Moloka'i, Waimānalo, and Waimea Irrigation Systems, 2026 Fiscal Year 25 26 Brian Kau, Agricultural Resource Management Division, presented testimony as 27 submitted. 28 29 Motion to Approve: Gomes/Ley 30 31 Discussion: 32 Member Oswald asked if there were any talks about sliding scales for water use? He 33 said he's thinking of trying to protect the smaller farms who don't use as much water. 34 35 Mr. Kau said that would require an administrative rule change. 36 37 Vote: Approved; Unanimously 38 39 V. **OLD BUSINESS** 40 41 42 None

1 2 3 VI. NEW BUSINESS 4 5 1. NON-ACTION ITEM: Invasive Species Action Plan Updates Including: 1) 6 Updates the on Biosecurity-Related Measures From the 2025 Legislative 7 Session (HB 427, HD2 SD2 CD1 – Relating to Biosecurity; SB330 SD1 HD2 CD1 – Relating to Invasive Species Prevention: and SB140 SD2 HD1 CD1 – 8 Relating to Invasive Species; 2) Update on the Control/Eradication Actions 9 Occurring on Hawaii Island for the Coconut Rhinoceros Beetle; and 3) Updates 10 on Selected Projects Funded by Act 231, SLH 2024 (Little Fire Ant Treatments 11 12 of Residential Areas, Coconut Rhinoceros Beetle Tree Removal on Public 13 Lands, and Two-Lined Spittlebug). 14 15 Jonathan Ho, Plant Quarantine Branch presented new business item. 16 17 18 Mr. Ho said there were 3 key measures that are awaiting Governor's signature. SB140 19 creates regulations for the importation of firewood. There shouldn't be a massive impact on the department or to those who import it. There will be coordination with them to 20 21 manage inspections. It clarifies the need for heat treatment and most wood is already 22 covered under the requirements of this section. 23 24 SB330 enables the department to enforce federal guarantines, and the department will 25 work with the federal government to be sure we don't do the enforcing in contravention 26 of what their established practices are. 27 28 HB427 is the most significant one and there are about 22 things that it includes: 29 1. Renames the Department of Agriculture (HDOA) as the Department of 30 31 Agriculture and Biosecurity (Department) and does that to the Board as well. 2. Changes the composition of the Board to require at least one member to have 32 a background in biosecurity; 33 34 3. Includes a new position within the Department, the Deputy Chairperson for Biosecurity, which is appointed by the Governor and tasked with overseeing 35 all biosecurity-related activities within the Department; 36 4. Authorizes the Department, with approval from the Governor, to declare a 37 biosecurity emergency, and specifies actions that can be taken to address the 38 39 emergency;

1 2 3	5.	Broadens the objectives and general actions for the Department's biosecurity program, and enables the Department to subpoena documents to manage the establishment and spread of pests or restricted organisms;
4 5 6	6.	Authorizes a transitional facilities program, including defining standards, uses, and licensing, including imposing fees for the use and registration of a transitional facility;
7 8 9	7.	Requires the Department to train and certify biosecurity compliance auditors to conduct inspections and certify items in transitional facilities, and authorizes the collection of fees for the certifications;
10	8.	Renames Ag Form to Biosecurity Declaration;
11 12	9.	Requires inspections of various items transported interisland pursuant to rules;
13 14 15	10.	Removes criminal penalties for certain lower level violations and increases fines for those violations, and clarifies penalties for restricted and unlisted organisms;
16 17	11.	Authorizes the Department to enter into government-industry agreements for readiness and response to unwanted organisms;
18 19 20	12.	Enables anyone to petition the Board to establish a biosecurity and pest management plan to address, contain, or eradicate a pest, and determines requirements for submissions;
21 22 23 24	13.	Requires the Department to establish a pest dashboard by 12/1/2025 that requires the Department, Department of Land and Natural Resources (DLNR), and contracted parties pursuant to the government industry agreement to post treatment area information on to that dashboard;
25 26 27	14.	Prohibits the receiving or expenditure of public funds by any state department, agency, political subdivision, or government industry association agreement from expending public funds if they don't post to the dashboard;
28 29	15.	The Department is able to establish rules for the Plant Care Component Program;
30 31	16.	Authorizes the Department to establish administrative penalties for the Plant Care Component Program;
32 33	17.	Transfers the Hawaii Invasive Species Council (HISC) from the DLNR to the Department;

1 2	18.	Appropriates an additional \$4,250,000 for HISC in FY 2025-2026 to be expended by DLNR;
3 4	19.	Appropriates \$4,250,000 for the HISC in FY 2026-2027 to be expended by the Department;
5 6	20.	Appropriates \$500,000 for the operations of the Hawaii Ant Lab (HAL) in both FY 2025-2026 and FY 2026-2027 to be expended by DLNR;
7 8 9	21.	Appropriates \$500,000 for the operations of the Coconut Rhinoceros Beetle (CRB) Response Program in both FY 2025-2026 and FY 2026-2027 to be expended by the University of Hawaii (UH); and
10 11	22.	Establishes varying timeframes for the implementation of each part of the sections.
12		
 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 	A single g The grub because i able to do originated mitigation the area I They'll als since Oct	id for the CRB, as of right now, 11 beetles have been found in the Kona area. grub was found last week and a wing was found near the tower at the airport. was found far north near the Four Seasons Hotel area. It didn't develop there it's associated with a shipment of green waste about a week prior. We were be tracebacks and it was determined that the source of the green waste the Keohole Ag Park. We are determining where the breeding site and start to The Plant Pest Control and Pesticides staff were doing drone treatments in ast week. They'll be treating a lot of trees, and we can provide that number. so be using injections. The Waikoloa Village hasn't had any CRB detections ober of last year. We've been doing treatment and a lot of outreach but we found anymore.
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	right now LFA test I That's ab been dep properties properties surveys a the affect process o Invasive S start imple	id for the Little Fire Ant (LFA) contract, we've been focusing on Oahu as of . The project was announced on 3/21, and we've been giving out a thousand kits. We've conducted 19 residential operations across 9 zip codes on Oahu. out 172 individual parcels and a little over 85 acres. About 7,400 samples have loyed, and about 1,100 of them have been positive with LFA. There are 32 s encompassing 2 sites and are in active treatment. We have about 10 more is that are going to be treated soon. Another 52 properties have completed the and now we are processing and identifying the samples and providing notice to ed individuals. We have 2 sites that are relatively larger, and we are in the of eliminating them in the Laie and Kahuku area. We'll be working with Maui Species Committee (MISC) and Kauai Invasive Species Committee (KISC) to ementing treatments on those islands. We're working with the county to pacific sites on Hawaii Island

- 37 identify specific sites on Hawaii Island.
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1 Mr. Ho said the Coconut Rhinoceros Beetle (CRB) tree removal contract began last 2 week. HTM is working from Maili and coming back towards Honolulu. They'll provide us 3 with a monthly report so we'll see about the cost and the amount of trees being 4 removed so we can project how many more trees can be covered under this project. 5 Mr. Ho said for the Two-Lined Spittle Bug (TLSB), there were 3 contracts issued, and 6 7 Rangeland Stewardship folks are going to be for active control and mitigation for ranchers. UH got another contract for doing research, outreach and education and 8 9 potentially some new treatment methods. The separate project is a joint federal project that enables testing of local biocontrol units as a potential control eradication tool for 10 11 management. 12 13 Discussion: 14 15 Member Gomes asked if HDOA has a handle on CRB on Oahu. He said he's been 16 getting numerous reports from various farms and ranchers. 17 Mr. Ho said because it's guite widespread and HDOA doesn't have unlimited resources. 18 19 we are focusing on trying to ensure it doesn't spread to other islands. That has been the 20 major focus. The contract does allow for the tree removal and there were monies set aside for hauling for green waste but we weren't able to get a contractor. We were able 21 22 to utilize those funds to provide the counties with ways to manage their own green 23 waste. Because it's so widespread, we are focusing on education and outreach for folks 24 because of the extent at this point. 25 26 Member Oswald said this is great and there is actual progress. He asked if HDOA could 27 use sulfuryl fluoride for the CRB. 28 29 Mr. Ho said yes, there is a Special Local Needs (SLN) and we were using ProFume and there were some issues with the initial SLN so we worked with the registrant to do 30 another round of testing. It was deemed effective so the Pesticides Branch did an SLN 31 32 with the EPA. We are starting up treatments again for green waste. 33 34 Member Oswald asked if we are using Methyl Bromine. 35 36 Mr. Ho said right now there isn't approved facilities that can do it in the state at scale. 37 There may be smaller chamber guys but nothing at scale that would be effective. 38 39 Member Oswald said HDOA could help acquire one of those scrubbers that can be used broadscale for multiple entities. 40 41 42 Mr. Ho said there has been talks about potentially trying to centralize treatments. 43

cognizant of their own backyard.

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3 4 Chairperson Hurd said the funding for SB231 is primarily being used for public lands. 5 For LFA we were able to get some approvals to do private treatments because it was so extensive within the residences. Methyl Bromide is a very effective treatment for pest 6 7 control; however, the Montreal Protocol says that it cannot be used because it damages 8 the atmosphere so severely. 9 10 Member Grewal asked what treatments are available and what the department can 11 provide for private citizens for CRB. 12 13 Mr. Ho said the individual treatments that are effective are not restricted use. However, 14 the department doesn't have the ability to distribute pesticides. It can only be distributed 15 in the container in which it originates from. For mulch, you need a license applicator to 16 use the fumigants or if you can compost it to a temperature of 131 degrees for 10 17 minutes, that would eliminate all life stages of CRB. Demon Max can't be used on Oahu and Mustang Maxx is a Restricted Use Pesticide that can be used on fruiting coconuts. 18 19 EverGreen is an organic product that has shown some efficacy on the crown treatment. 20 There are also cultural practices like not stockpiling green waste. 21 22 Member Grewal asked if there is any help from the department in terms of getting 23 assistance. 24 25 Mr. Ho said for private individuals, there isn't anything that we are capable of doing at 26 this moment. The LFA contract is the first broad department funded residential 27 treatment that has gone on for a pest that is widespread. If people call the pest line, it'll get routed to the Plant Quarantine Branch and we'll work with them and once we've 28 29 determined with some certainty what the pest is, we'll work with them to figure out 30 whatever mitigations can be done. There are steps that the community can take to protect their resources. 31 32 33 Chairperson Hurd included that if you are a private property owner, then we'll go out 34 and advise on what should be done but if it's on public property, we'll go out and do the 35 mitigation and control it. 36 37 Mr. Ho said if the department is doing an active control and eradication program site 38 such as in Kona, the department will treat private homeowners because this is an actual 39 eradication program that is being run by the department. 40 41 Member Oswald asked if HDOA or DLNR can share results with the board regarding the 42 OrNV as a bioactive control method.

Member Oswald said he wants to give kudos and people need to be educated and

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Mr. Ho said that virus isn't super effective on the CRB that we have. DLNR through the 2 University is trying to get alternative strains for testing. They would be working with the department on the process for testing and release. Should the virus be deemed for use, the board members will be seeing submittals for approval for the release into the

- 5 environment.
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7 Member Ley said with respect to Federal inspections, are you folks monitoring for any staffing changes or capacity level changes at the Federal level? If there are reductions 8 9 in staff, do you have a backup plan for targeting specific types of shipments or

- 10 coordination with the Feds to cover that type of strategy?
- 11

12 Mr. Ho said for import, it's not necessarily too much of a problem in that the staff are 13 already doing the inspections already. He said he thinks it's just more understanding 14 what the Feds would like us to do. And the intent of the bill was to ensure that the 15 department doesn't necessarily have to wait for the Feds to take action. We could act on 16 our own as it relates to export. The department has been in contact with the United States Department of Agriculture as it relates to some of their issues moving forward. It

17 seems to be somewhat stable right now. He said he's unsure of what the department's 18

- 19 collaboration would be to enforce federal guarantines as they leave the state.
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21 Chairperson Hurd said there have been internal discussions as to partnering with the 22 Feds should the export issue become problematic and restrict our exporters, then we 23 would partner with the Feds. But on the import side, she said she thinks it's a great 24 opportunity. We've been talking about import replacement projects, and she said the 25 floriculture industry has been very proactive in import replacement projects. Let's try to 26 import produce locally what we are currently importing and diminish the need for

27 inspection at the border. If we can increase what we import, let's just grow it ourselves.

The discussion is not new, but we will need to beef it up more than before. 28

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30 Member Oswald asked about the potential lawsuit concerning the Jones Act and that it has to do with the ability to manage non-U.S. vessels coming in. He asked if this would 31 32 create an additional issue with the imports infestations.

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34 Mr. Ho said that issue is regardless of the Jones Act and it is going to be a problem. 35 The state is preempted from taking actions for commodities in foreign commerce. All 36 those shipments would be exempt from our ability to inspect. The authority is broad as it relates to dealing with pests than the Feds are. It is possible that it could create a bigger 37 38 problem for the state. Dealing with it would not be a state issue, but a federal issue. It would affect all the state's abilities to enforce agricultural related regulations.

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41 Member Gomes asked if we have enough staff.

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1 Mr. Ho said Act 231 positions of last year became permanent so that is 44 positions in 2 Plant Industry Division. Getting the department's positions filled is critical as it relates to 3 the long-term roll out of HB427. A lot of the programs are phased so the department 4 under Chair Hurd has been filling a lot of positions. We have the new Plant Industry 5 Administrator, just hired the Plant Pest Control Branch Manager, and the Plant Quarantine Manager has also been filled permanently. This increased capacity will 6 7 enable the department to do more work. 8 9 Chairperson Hurd said yes, you can always improve. You can do a better job with more 10 staff. We're working internally, and also like the Akamai arrivals program that Jason 11 here has been key on. Electronically, we can try to monitor the incoming pest. Perhaps 12 in a more efficient manner, we're doing the animal quarantine type of inspection 13 electronically in the future. So, we're trying to improve. We always can use more staff. 14 Keep advocating for more people, more resources, more facilities. And we can do a 15 better job. 16 17 Motion to adjourn: Ley/Gomes 18 19 The meeting was adjourned at:10:51 am 20 21 Respectfully submitted, 22 23 24 25 Marci Clingan 26